

Scientific Software Design



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Software Productivity Track, ATPESC 2020



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- The requested citation the overall tutorial is: David E. Bernholdt, Anshu Dubey, Mark C. Miller, Katherine M. Riley, and James M. Willenbring, Software Productivity Track, in Argonne Training Program for Extreme Scale Computing (ATPESC), August 2020, online. DOI: <u>10.6084/m9.figshare.12719834</u>
- Individual modules may be cited as Speaker, Module Title, in Software Productivity Track...

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Desirable Characteristics and Why They are Challenging

Extensibility

Well defined structure and modules Encapsulation of functionalities



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Performance

Well defined structure and modules Encapsulation of functionalities Spatial and temporal locality of data Minimizing data movement Maximizing scalability

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Desirable Characteristics and Why They are Challenging

Extensibility

Performance

Well defined structure and modules Encapsulation of functionalities Spatial and temporal locality of data Minimizing data movement Maximizing scalability

Same data layout not good for all solvers. Many corner cases. Necessary lateral interactions Low arithmetic intensity solvers with hard dependencies. Proximity and work distribution at cross purposes



Desirable Characteristics and Why They are Challenging

Portability

General solutions that work without significant manual intervention across platforms



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Tremendous platform heterogeneity A version for each class of device => combinatorial explosion



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Verifiability and Maintainability

General solutions that work without significant manual intervention across platforms

Tremendous platform heterogeneity A version for each class of device => combinatorial explosion Clean code Documentation Comprehensive testing



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General solutions that work without significant manual intervention across platforms Verifiability and Maintainability

Clean code Documentation Comprehensive testing

Tremendous platform heterogeneity A version for each class of device => combinatorial explosion

Wrong incentives Designing good tests is hard



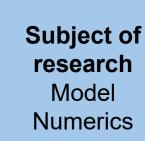
Taming the Complexity: Separation of Concerns

Subject of research Model Numerics

More Stable Discretization I/O Parameters



Taming the Complexity: Separation of Concerns

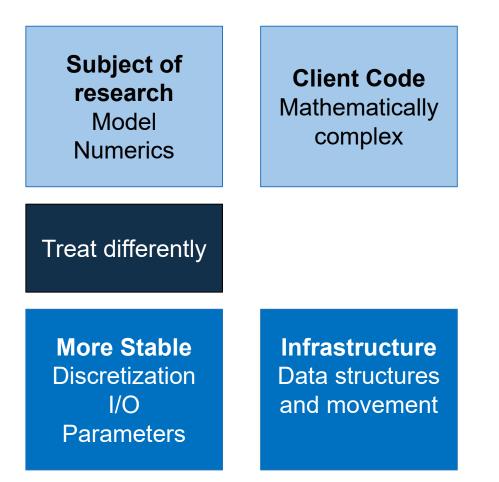


Treat differently

More Stable Discretization I/O Parameters



Taming the Complexity: Separation of Concerns



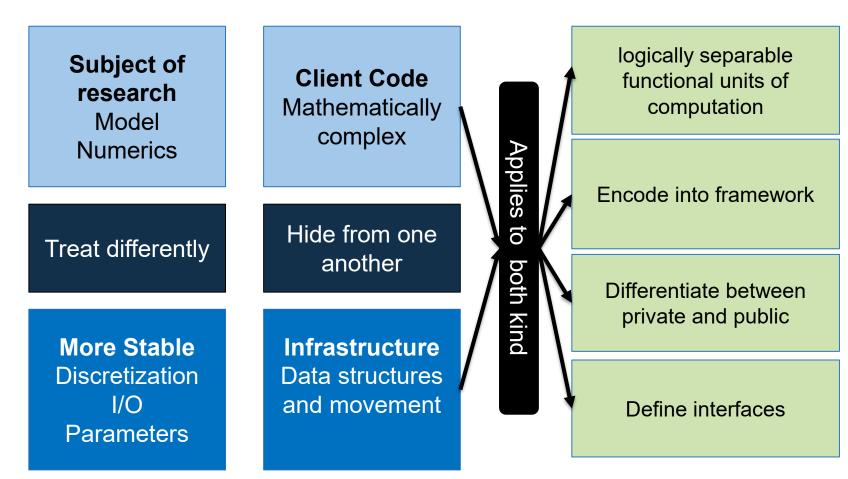


Taming the Complexity: Separation of Concerns

Subject of research Model Numerics	Client Code Mathematically complex
Treat differently	Hide from one another
More Stable Discretization I/O Parameters	Infrastructure Data structures and movement



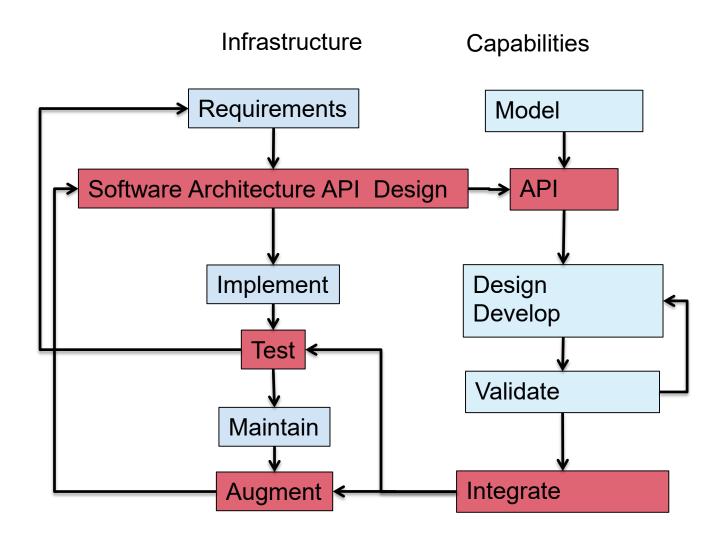
Taming the Complexity: Separation of Concerns







A Design Model for Separation of Concerns





Design Considerations

- Infrastructure design
 - Take time to discuss, iterate over requirements and specification
 - Keep end users involved
 - Not doing so leaves possible options on the table
- Simple is better
 - Flexibility Vs transparent to the user
 - Flexibility wins



Design Considerations

• Infrastructure design

- Take time to discuss, iterate over requirements and specification
- Keep end users involved
 - Not doing so leaves possible options on the table
- Keep API independent of numerics
- Simple is better
 - Flexibility Vs transparent to the user
 - Flexibility wins

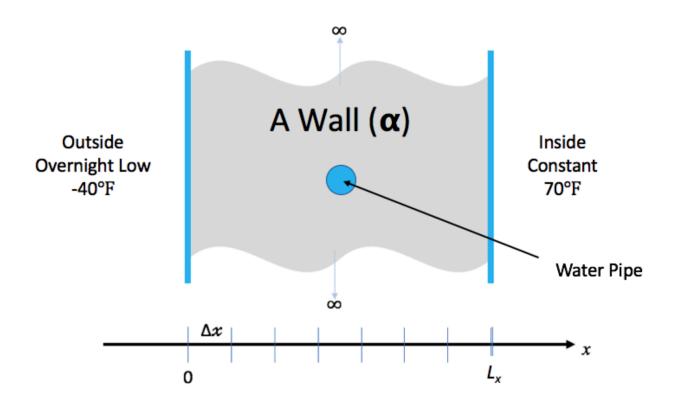
• Model/numerics design

- Abstract away the infrastructure knowledge as much as possible
- Encapsulate
- Let model needs guide API
- Design flexible API to accommodate quick upgrades to methods
- Simple is better
 - Flexibility Vs transparent to the user
 - Flexibility wins



The Running Example

Lets say you live in a house with exterior walls made of a single material of thickness, \$\$L_x\$\$. Inside the walls are some water pipes as pictured below.



You keep the inside temperature of the house always at 70 degrees F. But, there is an overnight storm coming. The outside temperature is expected to drop to -40 degrees F for 15.5 hours. Will your pipes freeze before the storm is over?



Problem Specification - Design Considerations

- Specification
 - Solve heat equation with some initial and boundary conditions
 - Apply different integration methods
 - What is infrastructure here?
 - Discretization/ State
 - Verification
 - I/O
 - Application of initial conditions
 - Runtime parameters
 - Comparison

- What is model here?
 - Initial conditions
 - Boundary conditions
 - Integration



Infrastructure API

- process_args(int argc, char **argv)
- static void initialize(void)
- void copy(int n, double *dst, double const *src)
- void write_array(int t, int n, double dx, double const *a)
- void set_initial_condition(int n, double *a, double dx, char const *ic)



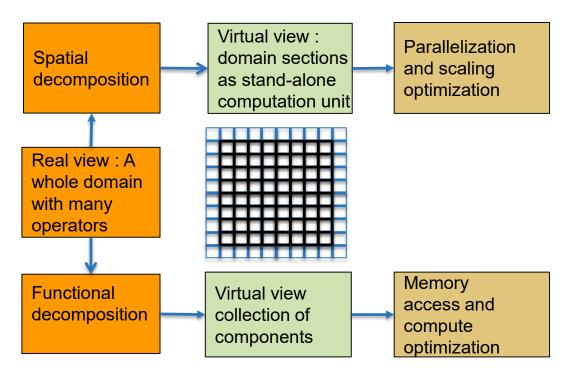
Numerics API

- double I2_norm(int n, double const *a, double const *b)
- static void r83_np_fa(int n, double *a)
- static void r83_np_sl (int n, double const *a_lu, double const *b, double *x)
- bool update_solution_crankn(int n, double *curr, double const *last, double const *cn_Amat, double bc_0, double bc_1)
- bool update_solution_upwind15(int n, double *curr, double const *last, double alpha, double dx, double dt, double bc_0, double bc_1)
- void compute_exact_solution(int n, double *a, double dx, char const *ic, double alpha, double t, double bc0, double bc1)
- bool update_solution_ftcs(int n, double *uk1, double const *uk0, double alpha, double dx, double dt, double bc0, double bc1)



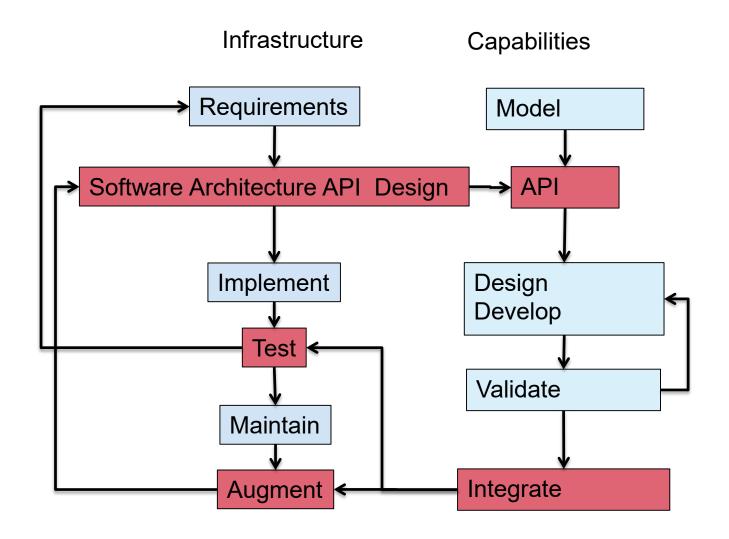
Example: Architecting Multiphysics PDEs

- Virtual view of functionalities
- Decomposition into units and definition of interfaces





A Design Model for Separation of Concerns



This worked with distributed memory parallelization model

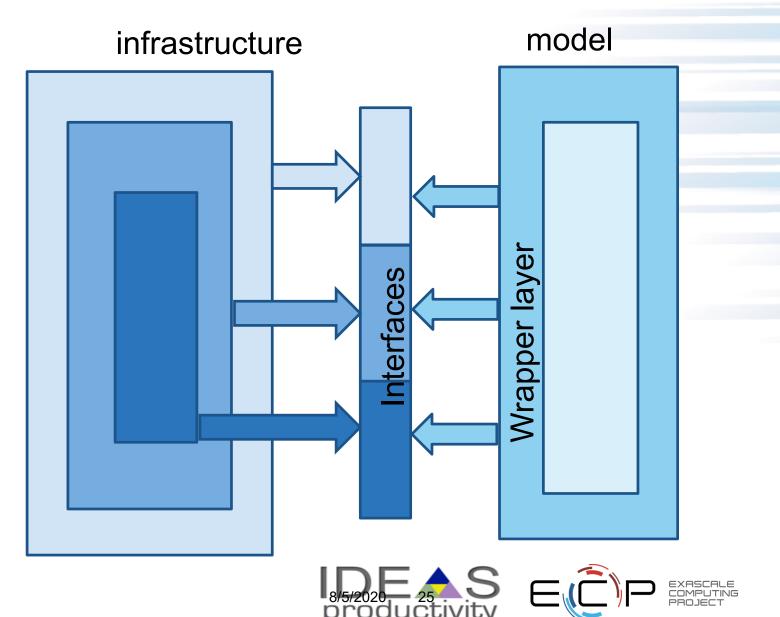
No longer sufficient needs refinement



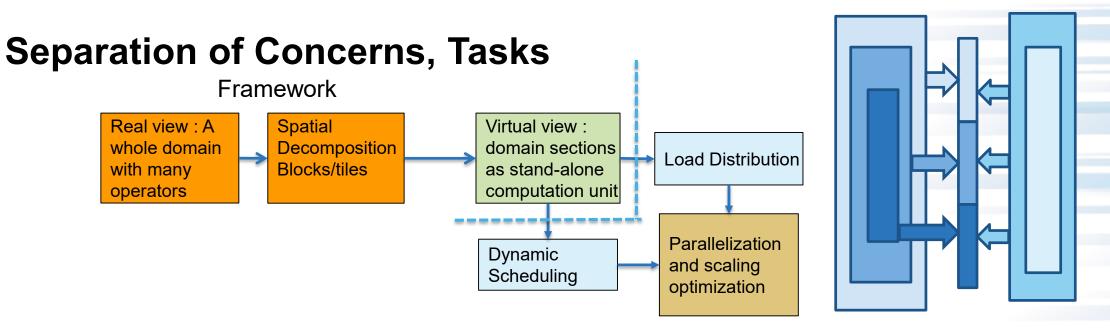
Additional Considerations for Infrastructure

Configurability

- Components or kernels
- Levels of access (hierarchical)
- Layered API
- Task orchestration
 - Mapping tasks to devices
 - CPU, accelerators, specialized devices
 - Managing data movement between devices



Example: Architecting Multiphysics PDEs

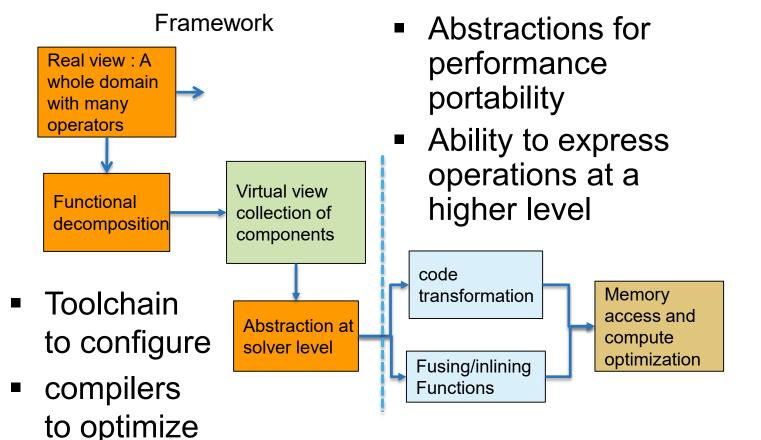


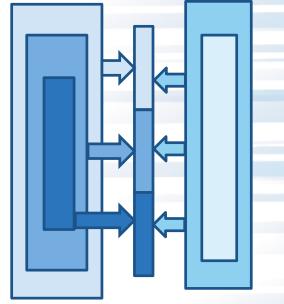
- load balancing, work redistribution
- Meta-information about domain sections
- Possible asynchronization at block and operator level
- No compute optimization here



Example: Architecting Multiphysics PDEs

composition





IDEAS productivity

Other Considerations

- Leverage existing software
 - Libraries may have better solvers
 - Off-load expertise and maintenance
 - Examine the interoperability constraints
 - Many times the cost is justified even if there is more data movement
- More available packages are attempting to achieve interoperability
 - See if a combination meets your requirements
- May be worthwhile to let the library dictate data layout if the corresponding operations dominate

Institute a rigorous verification regime at the outset



TAKEAWAYS

- DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN SLOW CHANGING AND FAST CHANGING COMPONENTS OF YOUR CODE
- TAKE YOUR TIME TO UNDERSTAND THE REQUIREMENTS OF YOUR INFRASTRUCTURE
- IMPLEMENT SEPARATION OF CONCERNS
- DESIGN WITH PORTABILITY, EXTENSIBILITY, REPRODUCIBILITY
 AND MAINTAINABILITY IN MIND
- LEVERAGE EXISTING CAPABILITIES WHERE POSSIBLEQUESTIONS ?

